Commentary on the Trustees' (Directors') Combined Annual Report and Financial Statements Windmill Therapeutic (Training) Unit CLG for the year ended 31st December 2018

This is a Company (charity) limited by guarantee without a share capital and its operations are to support service users with intellectual disability take their rightful place as equally valued citizens.

The company has to comply with the Companies Act 2014 and accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council ,including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"). Based on recommended best practice the company has also complied with "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: The Statement of Recommended Practice ("SORP (FRS 102)").

The Trustees' (Directors') Annual Report

The report follows the order set out in the SORP (FRS 102) with paragraph headings highlighting each disclosure required, including trustee induction and training.

The report includes a Risk Management Statement which also refers to compliance with the applicable national standards. The charity's objects, aim, strategy and major activities undertaken are summarised in the objectives and activities section. The achievements and performance section provides detailed information about the nature of activities undertaken, including performance information, for each of the main areas of charitable activity. These areas of charitable activity map to the Detailed Income and Expenditure Account on pages 31 to 32.

Note: The reserves policy includes an explanation of the target level of reserves, the reserves held, and the charity's plans to increase its reserves (SORP (FRS 102) para.1.22).

A Statement of Trustees'(Directors') Responsibilities in relation to the Financial Statements has been included in accordance with Irish auditing standards (SORP (FRS 102) para.15.1) It is amended to include the disclosure of information to auditors.

Business Review

Where the charity does not qualify as a small company, the Trustees (Directors) should when preparing a combined Trustees' and company charity Director's annual report (SORP (FRS 102) para.15.6), ensure that the report covers the disclosures required for the Business Review (SORP (FRS 102) para.15.7) section of that report.

Statement of Financial Activities (Company law reference is Profit and Loss /Income and Expenditure)

The Statement of Financial Activities ("SoFA") on page 12 reports the charitable activities as single line with an expanded analysis in the Detailed Income and Expenditure Account on pages 31 to 32. The Statement of Financial Activities incorporates the Income and Expenditure Account (SORP (FRS 102) para.15.12).

Governance support costs and operating support costs and their allocation are analysed in the Detailed Income and Expenditure Account on pages 31 to 32.

On the face of the balance sheet, the types of fund are disclosed including designated funds with the revaluation fund if applicable, shown separately, as required by Company Law and SORP (FRS 102).

Windmill Mission Statement

Windmill Therapeutic (Training) Unit CLG ("Windmill") supports adults with intellectual disability take their rightful place as equally valued citizens.

Windmill Aim and Purpose

The aim of Windmill is to provide Day Service and Independent Living Supports in line with Social Policy "New Directions'

LARKIN'S LANE,

SOUTH MAIN STREET,

WEXFORD.

Statement of Financial Activities for the year ended 31st December 2018

together with

Balance Sheet at that date

(A company limited by guarantee without a share capital)

Registered Charity Number (RCN)

20023799

Revenue Charity No.:

CHY 9500

Company Registration No.:

226765

Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

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Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

Directors (Trustees) and Other Information

Reference and Adminstrative Information

Name of Charity WINDMILL THERAPEUTIC (TRAINING) UNIT CLG

Charity Number CHY 9500

Companies Reg. Number 226765

Registered Charity Number (RCN) 20023799

Registered Office Larkin's Lane,

South Main Street,

Wexford.

Chairperson Ms. Maria Meyler Re-elected 25th September 2018

Directors (Trustees) Ms. Majella Lambert Re-elected 25th September 2018

Ms. Mary Doyle
Ms. Patti Keane
Mr.Bill Kelly
Ms. Maria Meyler
Ms. Helen Doyle
Mr.Joe O'Leary
Re-elected 25th September 2018

Subscribers Ms. Joan Mac Donald, Newbawn, Wexford

Mr. Patrick Murphy, 51 Ashfield Drive, Wexford Ms. Majella Lambert, "Seaview", Murrintown, Co, Wexford Ms. Christine Roche, Forth Mountain, Murrintown, Co. Wexford

Ms. Mary Doyle,Forth Rock,Coolballow,Wexford Ms Patti Keane,Ferrycarrig Heights,Park,Wexford Ms.Ann Barrett,Newbay,Clonard,Wexford

Mr.Bill Kelly,Rathdowney House,Rosslare,Co.Wexford Ms.Maria Meyler,Ford of Lyng,Rosslare,Co.Wexford

Company Secretary Ms. Majella Lambert

Key Management Personnel Ms. Joan MacDonald

Ms. Linda Kelly Senior Administrator
Ms. Siobhán Matthews Training Co-ordinator

Head of Windmill

Mr. Pat Murphy Instructor

Bank Of Ireland,

Common Quay Street,

Wexford.

Solicitors O'Connor Mullen,

1 Glena Terrace, Wexford.

Auditors John Holohan & Company,

5 Upper Rowe Street,

Wexford.

Combined Report of the Directors (Trustees) for the year ended 31st December 2018

The directors (trustees) present their annual report and audited financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2018.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014. While not mandatory in Ireland, the directors (trustees) have also prepared their report with reference to recommended best practice published jointly by the Charity Commission for England and Wales and the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator in "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: The Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (SORP (FRS 102))".

Financial Reporting Framework

The company has to comply with the Companies Act 2014 and accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"). Based on recommended best practice the company has also complied with "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: The Statement of Recommended Practice ("SORP (FRS 102)").

Principal Activities, Business Review and Results

(Structure, Governance and Management)

Governing Document

The organisation was registered as a charity in August 1990 and was incorporated as a charitable company limited by guarantee without share capital on 30th December 1994. The company was established under a Memorandum of Association which established the objects and powers of the charitable company and is governed under its Articles of Association. The Memorandum and Articles were amended on 11th September 2015. No shares in the company have been issued. No debentures have been issued. Paragraph 4 of the Memorandum of Association of the Company prohibits the payment of any dividend.

Recruitment and Appointment of Directors (Trustees)

The Directors of the company are also charity Trustees for the purposes of charity law and under the company's Articles all Directors (Trustees) retired at the Annual General Meeting and all offered themselves for re-election.

The charity's work focuses entirely on supporting service users with intellectual disability take their rightful place as equally valued citizens.

The Directors (Trustees) seek to ensure that the needs of this group are appropriately reflected through the diversity of the trustee body.

Trustee Induction and Training

The Trustees are all familiar with the practical work of the charity.

Risk Management

The Trustees have a risk mangement strategy which comprises:

- ongoing reviews of the risks the charity may face
- the establishment of systems and procedures to mitigate any risks identified, and
- the implementation of procedures designed to minimise any potential impact on the charity should those risks materialise.

Procedures are in place to ensure compliance with health and safety of staff, service users and visitors to the unit. These procedures are periodically reviewed to ensure that they continue to meet the needs of the charity.

Combined Report of the Directors (Trustees) for the year ended 31st December 2018

Organisational Structure

Windmill Therapeutic (Training) Unit CLG has a Board of Directors of seven members from a variety of backgrounds relevant to the work of the charity.

A scheme of delegation is in place and day to day responsibility for the provision of the services rests with the Head of Windmill along with the Senior Administratior and Training Co-ordinator. The Head of Windmill is responsible for ensuring the charity delivers the services specified and that key performance indicators are met. The Senior Administrator has responsibility for the day to day administrative functions. The Training Co-Ordinator has responsibility for the day to day operational management of the Unit, supervision of the staff team and ensuring the staff continue to develop their skills and working practices in line with good practice. They are assisted in their duties by the Keyworkers and Facilitators.

Objectives and Activities

The Company's objects and the principal activities are to support service users with intellectual disability to take their rightful place as equally valued citizens.

- to enable them to progress to their full potential
- to play a positive role and respond to the need for self-advocacy.

The main objectives and activities for the year continued to focus upon the provision of a worthwhile training programme and to keep pace with new ideas and new ways of improving the quality of life for those engaged in the programme.

Achievements and Performance

The main areas of charitable activity are to support service users with intellectual disability take their rightful place as equally valued citizens.

These principal activities will continue to be the primary focus of the Charity for the foreseeable future. Service users with intellectual disabilities have been provided with personal centered training. Individual developmental needs of service users are identified and satisfied. The service users have been given the opportunity to experience different attitudes and ways of working and have been instilled with the ability to apply the skills and knowledge experienced in the programme to the wider community in a positive way. The Detailed Income and Expenditure Account by Activities on pages 33 to 34 refers to the provision of life skills, training and work experience to the service users. The analysis is split between funding sources to assist the reader in understanding the accounts and to comply with reporting requirements under government funded programmes.

Results and Dividends for the Year and State of Affairs as at 31st December 2018

The Statement of Financial Activities and Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December 2018, together with notes thereon are set out in pages 12 to 30. The excess of Income over Expenditure on ordinary activities amounted to ϵ 41,201. An amount of ϵ 586,821 is available for retention. As stated above Paragraph 4 of the Memorandum of Association prohibits the payment of any dividends. There was an operating surplus of ϵ 70,663 before the depreciation charge of ϵ 29,462.

Financial Review;

Principal Funding Sources

The Department of Health , through the Health Service Executive is the statutory body responsible for Disability Services nationally and provides the main funding to operate these Services plus ongoing professional support. In 2006 the Unit obtained Section 39 Status from the HSE. Funding is also provided by POBAL who took over from the FAS Social Economy Programme on 1st January 2006. There was a three year contract with POBAL to 31st December 2008. Subsequently the POBAL contract has been extended and the contract is now running to 30th June 2019. As a Registered Charity (Charity No. CHY9500) funds are still raised through organised events, sponsorship, collection boxes and donations, to contribute to maintaining services to service users.

Combined Report of the Directors (Trustees) for the year ended 31st December 2018

Investment Policy

Aside from retaining a prudent amount in reserves each year most of the charity's funds are to be spent in the short term so there are no funds for long term investment. Having considered the options available, the Directors (Trustees) have decided to invest its prudently available funds in Deposit Accounts. The return on investments for 2018 was 0.01%.

Reserves Policy

The Directors (Trustees) have reviewed the reserves of the charity. This review encompassed the nature of the income and expenditure streams, the need to match variable income with fixed commitments and the nature of the reserves. The review concluded that to allow the charity to be managed efficiently and to provide a buffer for uninterrupted services, the charity should target to have a buffer of three months of total expenditure in general reserves, which based on current figures is equivalent to £225,000. This equates to approximately three months of total expenditure. This figure of £225,000 is represented by the Unrestricted Funds on the Balance Sheet. The following is a summary of the reserves of the charity;

	31-Dec-18	31-Dec-17
Endowment Funds	83,576	86,801
Restricted Funds	20,562	51,066
Unrestricted Funds	482,683	407,754
	586,821	545,621
	======	======

The directors (trustees) plan to increase the reserves by continued prudent management of the charity.

Directors and Secretary

The names of persons who at any time during the financial year were directors of the company and the company secretary are as listed on page 3.

Payment of Creditors

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for ensuring compliance with the provisions of the EC (Late Payment in Commercial Transactions) Regulations 2012. It is the company's policy to agree payment terms with all suppliers and to adhere to those payment terms.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The directors (trustees) have identified that the key risks and uncertainties the charity faces relate to the risk that its existence and continuation is dependent on the support of the HSE and Pobal and it faces a further risk if there is a decrease in the level of donations. There is a further risk because of the potential increase in compliance requirements with governance ,health and safety and other legislation.

The charity mitigates these risks as follows;

The charity continually monitors the level of activity ,prepares and monitors its budgets,targets and projections. The charity has a policy of maintaining significant cash reserves.

The charity closely monitors emerging changes to regulations and legislation on an ongoing basis.

Internal control risks are minimised by the implementation of procedures for authorisation of all transactions and projects. Procedures are in place to ensure compliance with health and safety of service users, staff, volunteers and visitors to the unit.

Director's (Trustees') and Secretary's Interests

As a company limited by guarantee without a share capital no shares are held by the directors(trustees) and the secretary.

Combined Report of the Directors (Trustees) for the year ended 31st December 2018

Future Developments

The charity plans continuing the activities outlined above in the forthcoming years subject to satisfactory funding arrangements. Development of new services and the enhancement to the various current services is an ongoing objective, subject to prior acquisition of additional funding. Windmill Therapeutic (Training) Unit CLG. works in close partnership with the HSE regarding standards, implementation of policies, and service delivery for the greater benefit of service users current and in the future.

Events after the Balance Sheet date

No events of note have taken place since the end of the year ended 31st December 2018.

Statement on Relevant Audit Information

In accordance with Section 330 of the Companies Act 2014;

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware; and

Each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Books & Records

The Directors (Trustees) are responsible for ensuring that proper books and accounting records are kept by the company as required by Section 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014. The directors believe they have complied with this requirement by providing adequate resources to maintain proper books and accounting records including the appointment of personnel with appropriate experience and expertise. The books of account of the company are held at Larkins Lane, South Main Street, Wexford.

Auditors

The Auditors, John Holohan & Company were re-appointed as the charitable company's auditors during the year and have expressed their willingness to continue in that capacity in accordance with the Section 383 (2) of the Companies Act 2014.

Approved by the Directors (Trustees) on: and signed on their behalf by:

Director (Trustee)

Bill Kelly

Director (Trustee)

Majella Lambert

Date:

13th May 2019

Statement of Responsibilities of the Directors (Trustees)

The directors (trustees) are responsible for preparing the directors'(trustees') report and the financial statements in accordance with Irish law and regulations.

Irish Company law requires the directors (trustees) to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors (trustees) have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council including FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Ireland (Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland). Under company law ,the directors (trustees) must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as to the financial year end and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014. In addition as best practice the directors (trustees) have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Accounting and Reporting by Charities: The Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to Charities (SORP FRS 102).

In preparing these financial statements, the directors (trustees) are required to:

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:

make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and

prudent:

state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance

with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those

standards: and

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is

inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors (trustees) are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and the directors' (trustees') report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In accordance with company law, as the Company's Directors (Trustees), we certify that:

- so far as we are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware.
- as the Directors (Trustees) of the company we have taken all the steps that we ought to have taken in order to make ourselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditors are aware of that information.

Director (Trustee) Bill Kelly

Director (Trustee) Majella Lambert

Date: 13th May 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WINDMILL THERAPEUTIC (TRAINING) UNIT CLG.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements for the above company ("the Company") ,which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st December 2018, the income and expenditure account ,statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the period then ended ,and notes to the financial statements , including a summary of the significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable Irish law and Accounting Standards ,including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland as modified by the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting and Reporting by Charities", effective 1st January 2015.

In our opinion,the financial statements of the Company give a true and fair view of the state of the assets , liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31st December 2018,and of its profit for the period then ended and are prepared in all material respects, in accordance with the Irish law and FRS 102 , the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council. They have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in the audit report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company or the company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs(Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland including the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA) Ethical Standards and the provisions available for audits of small entities in the circumstances set out in note 26 to the financial statements and we have fulfilled our other responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs(Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WINDMILL THERAPEUTIC (TRAINING) UNIT CLG.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so ,consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit ,we report that :

- in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion, the directors report is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and;
- we have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit. In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit ,we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report. The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if,in our opinion,the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of directors (trustees) for the financial statements.

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, directors(trustees) are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with Irish law and FRS 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements ,management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing ,as applicable , matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement ,whether due to fraud or error ,and to issue an auditor's report

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF WINDMILL THERAPEUTIC (TRAINING) UNIT CLG.

that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs(Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs(Ireland) ,we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.We also;

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances ,but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by directors(trustees).
- Conclude on the appropriateness of directors'(trustees') use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the evidence obtained ,whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists ,we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or , if such disclosures are inadequate , to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

John Holohan FCCA, CTA

Chartered Certified Accountants & Statutory Auditors, 5 Upper Rowe St., Wexford.

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR 31ST DECEMBER 2018 also known as

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR 31ST DECEMBER 2018

Income and Endowments (page 31);	UNRESTRICTED $\frac{\text{FUNDS}}{\epsilon}$ $\frac{2018}{\epsilon}$	RESTRICTED FUNDS € 2018	PERMANENT ENDOWMENT <u>FUNDS</u> € 2018	TOTAL <u>FUNDS</u> € 2018	TOTAL FUNDS \in 2017
Donations and Legacies	50,529	0	0	50,529	26,653
Charitable Activities	57,437	832,703	0	890,140	762,528
Other	1,109	0	0	1,109	190
			-		
TOTAL	109,075	832,703	0	941,778	789,371
Expenditure on (page 31 & 32);			-		
Charitable Activities;					
Wages & State Insurance	0	726,910	0	726,910	631,127
Depreciation	3,419	22,818	3,225	29,462	29,657
Operating Support Costs	23,525	112,645	0	136,170	129,888
Governance Support Costs	1,065	6,970	0	8,035	5,535
TOTAL	28,009	869,344	3,225	900,577	796,207
Net Income (Expenditure)	81,067 =====	(36,641)	(3,225)	41,201 =====	(6,836) =====

The notes on pages 17 to 30 form part of the financial statements.

Signed:

Bill Kelly

Director (Trustee)

Date:

13th May 2019

<u>Majella Lambert</u> Director (Trustee)

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2018 also known as

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2018

FIXED ASSETS	Note	<u>31-Dec-18</u> €	31-Dec-17 €
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	285,448	236,729
Total Fixed Assets CURRENT ASSETS		285,448	236,729
Other Receivables Cash and cash equivalents	12	29,512 341,295	13,927 323,948
Total Current Assets		370,807	337,875
CREDITORS DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	13	69,434	28,983
Net Current Assets		301,373	308,892
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		586,821	545,621
Creditors falling due after more than one year	14	0	0
TOTAL NET ASSETS		586,821	545,621
THE FUNDS OF THE CHARITY/EQUITY		======	=====
Share Capital Endowment Funds Restricted Income Funds Unrestricted Income Funds	16 21 21 21	0 83,576 20,562 482,683	0 86,801 51,066 407,754
TOTAL CHARITY FUNDS/EQUITY		586,821 =====	545,621 =====

The notes on pages 17 to 30 form part of the financial statements.

Approved by the Directors (Trustees) on 13th May 2019 and authorised for issue on 29th May 2019.

They were signed on its behalf by;

Signed:

Bill Kelly

Signed:

Majella Lambert

Director (Trustee)

Director (Trustee)

Date:

13th May 2019

COMBINED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY & STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

			PERMANENT	
	UNRESTRICTED	RESTRICTED	ENDOWMENT	TOTAL
	FUNDS	FUNDS	FUNDS	FUNDS
	€			€
Total Funds brought forward at			Ü	Ü
1st January 2017	349,560	112,872	90,026	552,458
2017	517,500	112,072	70,020	332,436
Transfer between Funds	0	0	0	0
Transfer out week I allas	O	Ü	U	U
Net Income (Expenditure)	58,194	(61,806)	(3,225)	(6,836)
The means (Emperioritate)	30,174	(01,000)	(3,223)	(0,830)
Total Funds carried forward at				
31st December 2017	407,754	51.066	06 001	545 601
51st December 2017		51,066	86,801	545,621
	======	======	======	======
Total Funds brought forward at				
Total Funds brought forward at	107.751	71.066		
1st January 2018	407,754	51,066	86,801	545,621
T C I C I	(6.105)	- · · · ·		
Transfer between Funds	(6,137)	6,137	0	0
N. J. C.				
Net Income (Expenditure)	81,067	(36,641)	(3,225)	41,201
The Indiana de la companya de la com				
Total Funds carried forward at				
31st December 2018	482,683	20,562	83,576	586,821
	======	======		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		31-Dec-18	31-Dec-17
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	Note A page 16	€ 95,530 =====	€ (7,622) =====
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Purchase of Property , Plant and Equipment		(78,181)	0
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities		(78,181) =====	0
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
None			
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents in the year ended	31st December 2018	17,347 =====	(7,622) =====
Cash and Cash Equivalents at 1st January 2018		323,948	331,570
Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents in the year ended 31st	t December 2018	17,347	(7,622)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at 31st December 2018	Note B page 16	341,295	323,948

=====

Note A; Reconciliation of Net Income (Expenditure) to Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities

	31-Dec-18	31-Dec-17
	€	ϵ
Net Income (Expenditure) for the year ended 31st December 2018 (as per the Statement of		
Financial Activities)	41,201	(6,836)
(Profit)/Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets	0	28
Depreciation	29,462	29,657
Increase/(Decrease) In Creditors	40,451	(16,542)
(Increase)/Decrease In Debtors & Prepayments	(15,584)	(13,927)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	95,530	(7,622)
	=====	=====
Note B; Analysis of Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>31-Dec-18</u> €	<u>31-Dec-17</u> €
Notice Deposits (less than 3 months) including current accounts	341,295	323,948
		-
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	341,295	323,948
	=====	=====

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

1. **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Windmill Therapeutic (Training) Unit CLG. is a company limited by guarantee without a share capital, incorporated in Ireland and its registered office is at Larkin's Lane, South Main St., Wexford. It is a Public Benefit Entity. Its operations are to support service users with intellectual disability take their rightful place as equally valued citizens.

The majority of its funding is received from the Health Service Executive and Pobal. The Pobal support ceases on 30th June 2019.

The company as a charity is governed by the Charities Acts 1961,1973 & 2009.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently to all the years presented ,unless otherwise stated.

(a) Statement of compliance

The company has complied with the Companies Act 2014 and accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"). Based on recommended best practice the company has also complied with "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: The Statement of Recommended Practice ("SORP (FRS 102)").

(b) Basis of preparation

The Financial Statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain tangible fixed assets and comply with the financial reporting standards of the Financial Reporting Council as promulgated by the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Companies Act 2014 except for the entity invoking the true and fair view override with regards to the profit and loss and balance sheet formats in Schedule 3 of the Companies Act 2014 as permitted in Section 3.4 of FRS 102 and Section 291 (5) of the Companies Act 2014.

In order for the financial statements to show a true and fair view the directors have determined the profit and loss format be renamed to an income and expenditure account detailing the income and expenditure by activities. Given that the company is a company limited by guarantee without share capital the capital and reserves section of the balance sheet has been adapted accordingly to reflect this fact. The directors consider that the layout adapted more correctly reflects the nature of the entity given that the entity is a not-for-profit organisation which is limited by guarantee. To use the formats set out in Schedule 3 of Companies Act 2014 and Section 4 and 5 of FRS 102 would not result in the financial statements showing information that would allow the entity to show a true and fair view.

(c) Currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Functional and presentation currency items of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in euro, which is the company's functional and presentation currency and is denoted by the symbol " \in ".

The primary exchange rates used for the translation of results, cash flows and balance sheets into euro were as follows:

	2018 €1=Stg	2017 €1=Stg
Average	0.88	0.88
Year End	0.90	0.88

(ii)Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated into the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

(d) Income (Revenue) and endowments recognition

Income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable from two broad categories for Windmill Therapeutic (Training) CLG because it is a charity;

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

- (i) income from exchange transactions is received for services supplied under contract.
- (ii) income from non-exchange transactions (i.e. donations) which is income where the charity receives value from the donor without providing equal value in exchange.

General rules for income recognition

Income is recognised in the statement of financial activities (SoFA) when a transaction or other event results in an increase in the charity's assets or a reduction in its liabilities. Income will only be recognised in the accounts of the charity when all the following criteria are met;

Entitlement-control over the rights or other access to the economic benefit has passed to the charity.

Probable-it is more likely than not that the economic benefits associated with the transaction or gift will flow to the charity.

Measurement-the monetary value or the amount of the income can be measured reliabily and the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be reliably measured.

- (i) Income from donations, gifts and grants is recognised when there is evidence of entitlement to the donation, gift or grant, receipt is probable and its amount can be measured reliabily.
- (ii) Income from services supplied under contract is recognised when there is evidence of entitlement ,receipt is probable and its amount can be measured reliabily.
- (iii) Donated services and facilities are included at the fair value to the charity where this can be quantified and a third party is bearing the cost.
- (iv) Income from interest ,royalties and dividends are recognised when its receipt is probable and the amount receivable can be measured reliabily. Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.
- (v) Income from grants, where related to performance and specific deliverables, are accounted for as the charity earns the right to consideration by fulfillment of the performance-related conditions.
- (vi) For legacies, evidence of entitlement exists when the charity has sufficient evidence that a gift has been left to them and the executor is satisfied that the property in question will not be required to satisfy claims in the estate.
- (vii) Gifts in kind donated for distribution are included at fair value and recognised as income when they are distributed to the projects. Gifts donated for resale are included as income when they are sold.
- (viii) Fundraising such as Outdoor collections and raffles etc., are recognised as income from the time these monies are lodged.
- (ix) Service user contributions are recognised as income from the time these monies are lodged.

(e) Government grants		<u>31-Dec-18</u> €	31-Dec-17 €
Health Service Executive (HSE)	Restricted funds	720,542	567,229
Pobal	Restricted funds	111,165	125,736

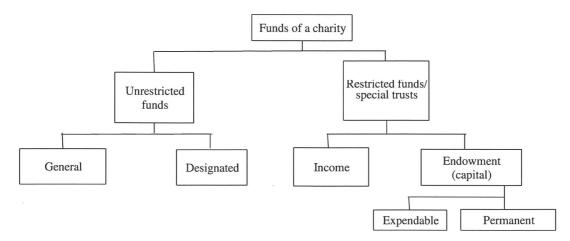
A government grant is assistance by government in the form of a transfer of resources to an entity in return for past or future compliance with specified conditions relating to operating activities of the entity. The performance model has been applied to recognise grants as follows (SORP (FRS102) prohibits the use of the accrual model); (a) a grant that does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable; (b) a grant that imposes specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions are met; (c) grants received before the income recognition crieteria are satisfied are recognised as a liability.

A"voted grant" unexpended has to be refunded to the government but this does not apply to a "grant-in-aid"unless it is a capital grant.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

(f) Fund Accounting

The following is a schematic representation of the various types of funds;



The principal categories of income of the charity as outlined above are:

- (i) Unrestricted Funds-General: These are spent or applied at the discretion of the Directors (Trustees) in furtherance of the objects of the charity and which have not been designated for other purposes.
- (ii) Unrestricted Funds -Designated Funds: These are unrestricted funds earmarked by the Directors (Trustees) for a particular future project or committment.
- (iii) Restricted Funds-Income: These are subject to specific trusts which may be declared by the Donor(s) or with their authority(e.g. a public appeal), but still within the objects of the charity. Restricted funds may be restricted income funds, which are expendable at the discretion of the Directors (Trustees) in furtherance of some particular aspect(s) of the objects of the charity.
- (iv) Restricted Funds-Endowment (capital); there are two subclasses in this section;
- (a) A gift of endowment ,where there is no power to convert the capital into income ,is known as a permanent endowment. A permanent endowment fund must normally be held indefinitely.
- (b) A gift of an expendable endowment occurs where the directors (trustees) have power to convert endowment funds into income.

Deferred Income; where terms and conditions have not been met or uncertainty exists as to whether the charity can meet the terms or conditions otherwise within its control, the income should not be recognised but deferred as a liability until it is probable that the terms or conditions imposed can be met.

(g) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase of the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

(h) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities, arising as a result of past events, are not recognised when (i) it is not probable that there will be an outflow of resources or that the amount cannot be reliably measured at the reporting date or (ii) when the existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future events not wholly within the company's control. Contingent liabilities are disclosed in the financial statements unless the probability of an outflow of resources is remote.

(i) Expenditure recognition

Expenditure is recognised on an accrual basis as a liability is incurred. Expenditure includes any VAT which cannot be fully recovered, and is reported as part of the expenditure to which it relates.

Costs are allocated by activity in the Statement of Financial Activities ("SoFA"). The SoFA distinguishes between expenditure incurred on charitable activities which contribute to furthering the charity's aims and purposes, and those undertaken to raise funds. Further analysis of significant activities included within these broad categories are provided on the face of the SoFA and in the notes to the accounts and in the detailed income and expenditure account and in the detailed income and expenditure account by activities. The following are the categories of costs utilised in these financial statements;

- (i) Raising funds; -costs of generating donations
 - -fundraising trading costs
 - -investment management costs
- (ii) Charitable activities
 -direct charitable costs which is expenditure incurred on charitable activities undertaken
 that further the charity's aims for the benefit of its beneficiaries. These must be directly allocated to the relevant activity.
 -shared costs which contribute directly to more than one activity and must be apportioned
 between those activities.

-support costs which are costs incurred to facilitate an activity but not attributable to any one single activity of the charity. In these accounts there are two sub-classes of support costs namely operating support costs which consist of general running costs of the charity and governance support costs which are the costs associated with governance arrangements of the charity. These latter costs will normally include internal and external audit ,legal advice for directors (trustees) and costs associated with constitutional and statutory requirements ,for example preparing statutory accounts.

(iii) Other -this includes all expenditure that is neither related to raising funds for the charity nor part of its expenditure on charitable activities.

The charity's accounting policy for apportionment of costs is as follows. All costs are allocated between the expenditure categories of the SoFA on the basis detailed above under fund raising ,charitable activities and other . Costs relating to a particular activity are allocated as above while others are apportioned on an appropriate basis which the directors (trustees) in this case consider to be on the basis of income from the various activities because this is the most reasonable way to apportion these costs.

	31-Dec-18	31-Dec-17
The total amount of support costs incurred for the year were as follows;	€	€
Operating support costs (analysed in detail on page 32)	136,170	129,888
Governance support costs (analysed in detail on page 32)	8,035	5,535
Total support costs for year	144,205	135,423
	=====	=====

The amount of support costs are apportioned to each of the the charity's significant activities as disclosed in the SoFA and page 32 in the financial statements ,based on income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

(j) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Cost

Property ,plant and equipment are recorded at historical cost or deemed cost ,less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes prime cost ,overheads and interest incurred in financing the construction of tangible fixed assets. Capitalisation of interest ceases when the asset is brought into use.

Office equipment, fixtures and fittings and motor vehicles are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, where applicable.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on property, office equipment, equipment and machinery, fixtures and fittings and motor vehicles, on a straight-line basis, so as to write off their cost less residual amounts over their estimated useful economic lives.

The estimated useful lives assigned are as follows;

Freehold Building	2%
Office Equipment	15%
Equipment & Machinery	15%
Fixtures & Fittings	15%
Motor Vehicles	20%

The Freehold Building is depreciated to write off the actual use of this part permanent endowment fund.

Items costing €500 or less are written off when the cost is incurred.

The company's policy is to review the remaining useful economic lives and residual values on an on-going basis and to adjust the depreciation charge to reflect the remaining estimated useful economic life and residual value.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the cost of assets and related accumulated depreciation until they are removed from service. In the case of disposals, assets and related depreciation are removed from the financial statements and the net amount, less proceeds from disposal, is charged or credited to the income statement.

(iii) Impairment

Assets not carried at fair value are also reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future pre-tax and interest cashflows obtainable as a result of the asset's continued use. The pre-tax and interest cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discounted rate that represents the current market risk free rate and the risks inherent in the asset. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account, unless the asset has been revalued when the amount is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation. Thereafter any excess is recognised in profit or loss.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

(k) Other Receivables

Other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying value amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. All movements in the level of the provision required are recognised in the profit and loss account.

(l) Accounts Payable

Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(m) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is a contract that gives rise to a financial asset in one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

The charity only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like accounts receivable and payable, cash and bank deposits.

When a financial asset or financial liability is recognised initially it is measured at the transaction price. At the end of each subsequent reporting period the four different types of basic financial instruments are measured as follows; (i)Cash; cost.

- (ii)Debt instrument such as deposit accounts,loan notes,debtors and creditors;amortised cost using effective interest method. (iii)Committments to receive or make a loan to another entity that cannot be settled in net cash and when executed are to have the same conditions as debt instruments-cost less impairment.
- (iv)Investment in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares-measurable fair value or if measurement is not possible then cost less impairment.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost ,the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the best estimate, which is an approximation, of the amount that the company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

	31-Dec-18	31-Dec-17
	€	€
Total interest income for financial assets that are not measured at fair value;	13	26

(n) Employee benefits

Short-term benefits ,including holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits , are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

(o) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in curent liabilities on the statement of financial position.

3. JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Judgements and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Establishing lives for depreciation purposes of property, plant and equipment.

Long-lived assets ,consisting primarily of property,plant and equipment ,comprise a significant portion of the total assets. The annual depreciation charge depends primarily on the estimated lives of each type of asset and estimates of residual values. The directors regularily review these asset lives and change them as necessary to reflect current thinking on remaining lives in light of prospective economic utilisation and physical condition of the assets concerned. Changes in asset lives can have a significant impact on depreciation and amortisation charges for the period. Detail of the useful lives is included in the accounting policies. The carrying amounts are in the schedule for property, plant and equipment.

4. **REVENUE**

All revenue derives from activities in the Republic of Ireland. The analysis by revenue is as follows;

	31-Dec-18 €	31-Dec-17 €
Donations and Legacies	50,529	26,653
Charitable Activities	890,140	762,528
Other	1,109	190
	941,778	789,371 =====

5. **EXCESS OF INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE**

The excess of income over expenditure has been arrived at after charging the following items:

	31-Dec-18 €	31-Dec-17 €
<u>Directors'</u> (Trustees) Remuneration		
Salaries - Working Directors (Note 10)	0	0
Directors's Fees & Pension Contributions	0	0
Operating Leases	0	0
Auditor's Remuneration	5,535	5,535
Depreciation	29,462	29,657
And After Crediting	12	26
Deposit Interest Received	13	26

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

6. <u>OTHER OPERATING INCOME</u>	31-Dec-18	31-Dec-17
Profit/(Loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	ϵ_0	€ 28
7. <u>FINANCE INCOME RECEIVABLE</u>	31-Dec-18	31-Dec-17
Interest Receivable	€ 13	€ 26
8. <u>EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION</u>		
	31-Dec-18	31-Dec-17
Staff costs were as follows:	€	€
Salaries and wages	660,111	573,848
Employer's PRSI	66,799	57,279
Total	726,910	631,127
		=====
The number of employees paid above $\in 66,471$ (Grade 8 equivalent) in bands of 10k i.e. $\in 66,471$ to $\in 76,471$ total number = 0		
The salary of the Head of Windmill was;	56,022 =====	53,659
The average number of persons employed by the Company in the financial year was 25 (23 in 2017) as follows:		
Head of Windmill	1	1
Key workers/Facilitators	10	10
Administration	2	2
Support Workers	13	8
Instructor	1	1
Training Co-ordinator	1	1
	28 =====	23

The charity operates a pension scheme for its employees and administers contributions to a PRSA pension scheme for one Staff member. (2017 - 4 Staff)

9. TAXATION OF EXCESS INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE

The Company has Charitable Status (Ref. CHY 9500). Thus, no charge to Corporation Tax arises.

10. <u>DIRECTORS (TRUSTEES) REMUNERATION AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

No Directors (Trustees) received any remuneration during the year.

No Directors (Trustees) or other person related to the charity had any personal interest in any contract or transaction entered into by the charity during the year (2017 - Nil).

There were no loans to directors (trustees) at any time during the year.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

	Freehold					
	Extension at	Equipment &	Fixtures &	Office	Motor	
	Larkin's Lane	Machinery	Fittings	Equipment	Vehicles	Total
	€	€	€	€	€	€
Cost @			C	C	C	C
01-Jan-18	298,029	25,496	89,659	18,753	152,420	584,357
0.1	2,0,02,	20,.50	0,,000	10,755	152,120	501,557
Plus:						
Additions	76,781	1,400	0	0	0	78,181
Less:						
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cost @						
31-Dec-18	374,810	26,896	89,659	18,753	152,420	662,538
	=====		=====	=====	=====	=====
Depreciation @						
01-Jan-18	108,902	25,469	70,062	14,313	128,882	347,628
Less:	Security Sec. 2001 Sections	50 W. Sandari	30 Jan - 303 Santa San	000 000	***************************************	
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plus:						
P & L - Y/E						
31-Dec-18	7,496	210	5,417	1,635	14,704	29,462
	.,		-,	-,	2.,,,,,,,,	,··• <u>-</u>
Depreciation @			-			
31-Dec-18	116,398	25,679	75,479	15,948	143,586	377,090
	======	======	======	=====	======	=====
N.B.V. @						
31-Dec-18	258,412	1,217	14,180	2,805	8,834	285,448
51 200 10	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
N.B.V. @						
31-Dec-17	189,127	27	19,597	4,440	23,538	236,729
31 Dec 17	======	=====	=====	=====	======	=====

 $\underline{\text{Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018}}$ In respect of prior year;

		Freehold Extension at Larkin's Lane €	Equipment & $\underline{\text{Machinery}}$	Fixtures & $\frac{\text{Fittings}}{\epsilon}$	Office $\frac{\text{Equipment}}{\epsilon}$	Motor $\underline{\text{Vehicles}}$	$rac{ ext{Total}}{\epsilon}$
	Cost @						
	01-Jan-17	298,029	51,480	89,659	18,753	152,420	610,341
	Plus:						
	Additions	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Less: Disposals	0	25,984	0	0	0	25,984
	Cost @ 31-Dec-17	200 020	25 406	90.650	19.752	152 420	504.257
	31-Dec-17	298,029 =====	25,496 =====	89,659 =====	18,753 =====	152,420 =====	584,357 =====
	Depreciation @ 01-Jan-17	102,942	51,425	64,645	12,678	112,238	343,928
	Less: Disposals	0	25.056	0	0	0	25.056
	Plus :	U	25,956	0	0	0	25,956
	P & L - Y/E						
	31-Dec-17	5,961	0	5,417	1,635	16,644	29,657
	Depreciation @	-				-	
	31-Dec-17	-	25,469	70,062	14,313	128,882	347,629
	N.B.V. @	* =====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
	31-Dec-17	189,126 =====	27 =====	19,597 =====	4,440 =====	23,538 =====	236,729 =====
	N.B.V. @ 31-Dec-16	195,087 =====	55 =====	25,014 =====	6,075 =====	40,182	266,413
12.	OTHER RECEIV					31-Dec-18	31-Dec-17
12.	O TATAL ALL CLAY	TABLES (MINUMI	is family due with	in one year)		<u>51-Bee-18</u> €	<u>51-Bcc-17</u> €
	Debtors -HSE					27.620	5 222
	Debtors -Others					27,638 0	5,223 8,704
	Prepayments					1,874	0
	Amounts falling du	ue after more than	One year			0	0
	rimounts ranning de	ic utter more than	one year				
						29,512	13,927
13.	OTHER PAYABI	LES (Amounts f	alling due within	one vear)		=====	=====
	1						
						31-Dec-18 €	31-Dec-17 €
	Accruals					8,864	9,540
	PAYE,PRSI & US					20,101	14,198
	Pobal Unused Fund					4,249	4,249
	Garden Project Uni Provision for Cons		cal Services			6,220	996
	HSE Refurbishmen			ot utilised at year	end	30,000	0
				,			
						69,434 =====	28,983 =====

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

14. OTHER PAYABLES (Amounts falling due after more than one year)

None

15. CREDITORS - SECURITY AND OTHER PARTICULARS

None

16. **SHARE CAPITAL**

The Company is Limited by Guarantee without a Share Capital.

17. FUTURE CAPITAL EXPENDITURE NOT PROVIDED FOR

Contracted for is nil.

18.	RESERVES	UNRESTRICTED $\frac{\text{FUNDS}}{\epsilon}$	RESTRICTED $\frac{\text{FUNDS}}{\epsilon}$	PERMANENT ENDOWMENT <u>FUNDS</u> €	TOTAL <u>FUNDS</u> €	
	Total Funds brought forward at 1st January 2017	349,560	112,872	90,026	552,458	
	Net Income (Expenditure)	58,194	(61,806)	(3,225)	(6,836)	
	Transfer between funds	0	0	0	0	
	Total Funds carried forward at 31st December 2017	407,754	51,066	86,801 =====	545,621 =====	
	Total Funds brought forward at 1st January 2018	407,754	51,066	86,801	545,621	
	Net Income (Expenditure)	81,067	(36,641)	(3,225)	41,201	
	Transfer between Funds	(6,137)	6,137	0	0	
	Total Funds carried forward at 31st December 2018	482,683 =====	20,562	83,576 =====	586,821 =====	
19.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALED	<u>NTS</u>			31-Dec-18 €	31-Dec-17 €
	Cash at bank and in hand				341,295 =====	323,948 =====
20.	ENDOWMENTS Movement in Funds:	Balance at $\frac{01\text{-Jan-}18}{\epsilon}$	<u>Income</u> €	Gain/ (Loss) & <u>Transfers</u>	Balance at 31-Dec-18	
	Permanent Endowments	€	₹	€	€	
	Re: Building Work Min. of Health	86,801	0	(3,225)	83,576	
		86,801	0	(3,225)	83,576	

=====

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

21. FUND BALANCES AT 31ST DECEMBER 2018

Are represented by:

	The represented by.	UI	NRESTRICTED R <u>FUNDS</u> €	RESTRICTED <u>FUNDS</u> €	ENDOWMENT $\underbrace{\text{FUNDS}}_{\in}$	TOTAL <u>FUNDS</u> €
Tangible F Current As Current Cr			201,872 350,244 (69,434)	0 20,562 0	83,576 0 0	285,448 370,807 (69,434)
			482,682 =====	20,562 =====	83,576 =====	586,821 =====
22.	DONATIONS AND BEQUESTS		Unrestricted	Restricted	2018 Total	2017 Total
			€	€	€	€
	Donations		45,489	0	45,489	13,525
			45,489 =====	0	45,489 =====	13,525 =====
23.	MOVEMENT IN FUNDS					
		Balance at 01-Jan-18 €	Income & Endowments €	Expenditure €	Gain/(Loss) & $\frac{\text{Transfers}}{\in}$	Balance at 31/12/2018 €
	Restricted Funds	<u>01-Jan-18</u> €	Endowments €	€	<u>Transfers</u> €	31/12/2018 €
	Toilet Block	<u>01-Jan-18</u> €	$\frac{\text{Endowments}}{\epsilon}$	€ (440)	$\frac{Transfers}{\epsilon}$	31/12/2018 € 16,280
	Toilet Block Mini-Bus	01-Jan-18 € 16,720 24,649	$ \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} \underline{\text{Endowments}} \\ \in \end{array} }_{0} $	€ (440) (24,649)	Transfers € 0 0	31/12/2018 € 16,280 0
	Toilet Block Mini-Bus Projects Cost	01-Jan-18 € 16,720 24,649 248		€ (440) (24,649) (248)	<u>Transfers</u> € 0 0 0 0	31/12/2018 € 16,280 0 0
	Toilet Block Mini-Bus	01-Jan-18 € 16,720 24,649	$ \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} \underline{\text{Endowments}} \\ \in \end{array} }_{0} $	€ (440) (24,649)	Transfers € 0 0	31/12/2018 € 16,280 0
	Toilet Block Mini-Bus Projects Cost Wages/Pobal	01-Jan-18 € 16,720 24,649 248 4,249	Endowments € 0 0 0 726,910	€ (440) (24,649) (248) (726,877)	<u>Transfers</u> € 0 0 0 0 0	31/12/2018 € 16,280 0 0 4,282
	Toilet Block Mini-Bus Projects Cost Wages/Pobal Donation-Sisters of St.John of God	01-Jan-18 € 16,720 24,649 248 4,249 5,200	Endowments € 0 0 0 726,910 0 105,793	€ (440) (24,649) (248) (726,877) (5,200) (111,930) (869,344)	Transfers € 0 0 0 0 0 0 (6,137)	31/12/2018 € 16,280 0 4,282 0 0 20,562
	Toilet Block Mini-Bus Projects Cost Wages/Pobal Donation-Sisters of St.John of God Balance of Overheads Total Restricted Funds	01-Jan-18 € 16,720 24,649 248 4,249 5,200	Endowments € 0 0 0 726,910 0 105,793	€ (440) (24,649) (248) (726,877) (5,200) (111,930)	<u>Transfers</u> € 0 0 0 0 0 0 (6,137)	31/12/2018 € 16,280 0 0 4,282 0
	Toilet Block Mini-Bus Projects Cost Wages/Pobal Donation-Sisters of St.John of God Balance of Overheads	01-Jan-18 € 16,720 24,649 248 4,249 5,200	Endowments € 0 0 0 726,910 0 105,793	€ (440) (24,649) (248) (726,877) (5,200) (111,930) (869,344)	Transfers € 0 0 0 0 0 0 (6,137)	31/12/2018 € 16,280 0 4,282 0 0 20,562
	Toilet Block Mini-Bus Projects Cost Wages/Pobal Donation-Sisters of St.John of God Balance of Overheads Total Restricted Funds Unrestricted Funds	01-Jan-18 € 16,720 24,649 248 4,249 5,200 51,066 ===== 407,754 407,754	Endowments € 0 0 0 726,910 0 105,793 832,703 ===== 109,075 109,075	€ (440) (24,649) (248) (726,877) (5,200) (111,930) (869,344) ===== (28,009) (28,009)	Transfers € 0 0 0 0 0 0 (6,137) (6,137) (6,137)	$ \begin{array}{c} 31/12/2018 \\ \hline $
	Toilet Block Mini-Bus Projects Cost Wages/Pobal Donation-Sisters of St.John of God Balance of Overheads Total Restricted Funds Unrestricted Funds General Funds Total Unrestricted Funds	01-Jan-18 € 16,720 24,649 248 4,249 5,200 51,066 ===== 407,754 407,754 ======	Endowments € 0 0 0 726,910 0 105,793 832,703 ===== 109,075 109,075 ======	€ (440) (24,649) (248) (726,877) (5,200) (111,930) (869,344) ===== (28,009) (28,009) =====	Transfers € 0 0 0 0 0 0 (6,137) (6,137) (6,137) (6,137)	31/12/2018 € 16,280 0 4,282 0 0 20,562 ===== 482,683 482,683 =====
	Toilet Block Mini-Bus Projects Cost Wages/Pobal Donation-Sisters of St.John of God Balance of Overheads Total Restricted Funds Unrestricted Funds General Funds	01-Jan-18 € 16,720 24,649 248 4,249 5,200 51,066 ===== 407,754 407,754	Endowments € 0 0 0 726,910 0 105,793 832,703 ===== 109,075 109,075	€ (440) (24,649) (248) (726,877) (5,200) (111,930) (869,344) ===== (28,009) (28,009)	Transfers € 0 0 0 0 0 0 (6,137) (6,137) (6,137)	$ \begin{array}{c} 31/12/2018 \\ \hline $

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

Purposes of Restricted Funds

Toilet Block HSE grant for new toilet block to replace old, unsuitable toilet units. Balance is

reducing as toilet block is depreciated over 50 years.

Projects Costs POBAL grant restricted to actual expenditure.

Wages POBAL grant restricted to wages payments only.

24. INCOME FROM ACTIVITIES TO FURTHER THE CHARITY'S OBJECTIVES

	Unrestricted	Restricted	2018 Total	2017 Total
	ϵ	€	€	€
<u>HSE</u>				
HSE - S. 39 Grants	0	720,482	720,482	541,258
HSE - S.39 Hepatitis B and Medical Grant	0	60	60	365
		720,542	720,542	541,623
<u>POBAL</u>	Ü	720,542	120,542	341,023
Wages Grant	0	111,165	111,165	125,736
		111,165	111,165	125,736
Wexford County Council	1,000	0	1,000	0
Fundraising	5,040	0	5,040	13,128
Donations and Bequests	45,489	0	45,489	13,525
Service Users Contributions /Traded Income	52,345	0	52,345	50,196
Deposit Interest	13	0	13	26
Miscellaneous	1,096	0	1,096	164
Garden Project	0	996	996	17,273
Renting of Premises Social Inclusion/Out of Hours Activities	1,400 2,692	0	1,400 2,692	200 1,894
	_,	·	_,==	2,03
	109,075	832,703	941,778	763,765
	=====	=====	=====	=====
KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPEN	NSATION		2018	2017
Key management personnel salary,employer's PRSI	and Pension contribu	tions	€ 209,243	€ 209,376
120) management personner surur j,employer s i Roi	und I chiston continuu		207,273	207,570

PROVISIONS AVAILABLE FOR AUDITS OF SMALL ENTITIES

25.

26.

As a small entity under the provisions of the Ethical Standards (IAASA) we engage our auditor to provide financial statements preparation.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st December 2018

27. WINDING UP THE COMPANY

In the event of the winding up of the company every member is liable to contribute up to a maximum of $\in 1.27$.

28. GOVERNMENT FUNDED GRANTS

The following is a note re government funded grants for the year;

Grant making agency; Health Service Executive (Department of Health).

Title of grant report; HSE Service Arrangement; Care group; Disability

Name of grant programme; S.39.

Term of grant; year ended 31st December 2018

Amount of maximum total grant per service level agreement ;€659,474.

Updated grant taken to income in the period;

€ 720,542 see page 31

Purpose of grant; for delivery of core services.

Tax Clearance -yes

Grant making agency; Pobal for Department of Social Protection.

Title of grant report; Pobal

Name of grant programme; Pobal CSP CS283.

Term of grant; year ended 31st December 2018

Amount of maximum total grant per service level agreement ;€111,165-see reconciliation on page 35.

Grant taken to income in the period; € 111,165 see reconciliation on page 35

Purpose of grant; funding one manager and five FTEs (full-time equivalents).

Tax Clearance -yes

Windmill Therapeutic (Training) Unit CLG is more than 50% funded by Exchequer Funding.

29. AUDIT AND ACCOUNTANCY FEES

These fees were for accounts preparation and statutory audit.

30. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT AMORTISED COST USING EFFECTIVE INTEREST METHOD

	=====	======
Deposit Accounts	112,414	117,602
	€	€
	31-Dec-18	31-Dec-17

31. BANK GUARANTEE

The company has given a guarantee of €9,000 to Bank of Ireland PLC re Electronic Funds Transfers.

32. **LEASE OF GARDEN SITE**

Pettit Supermarkets trading as Oyster Lane Ltd.have granted a one year lease (renewable) at a peppercorn rent of one euro per annum. Windmill Therapeutic (Training) Unit CLG has installed a garden on this site for the use and enjoyment by the service users.

The following pages from page 31 to page 35

are not part of the audited financial statements

DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

INCOME AND ENDOWMENT	UNRESTRICTED $\frac{\text{FUNDS}}{\text{E}}$ $\frac{2018}{\text{S}}$	RESTRICTED $\frac{\text{FUNDS}}{\epsilon}$ $\frac{2018}{\epsilon}$	PERMANENT ENDOWMENT FUNDS \in 2018	TOTAL FUNDS € 2018	TOTAL FUNDS € 2017
Donations and Legacies	_				
Donations Fundraising	45,489 5,040	0	0 0	45,489 5,040	13,525 13,128
	50,529			50,529	26,653
Charitable Activities	30,323	Ü	· ·	30,327	20,033
HSE - S. 39 Grants	0	630,573	0	630,573	541,258
HSE - S.39 Hepatitis B and Medical Grant	0	60	0	60	365
HSE - Lottery Grant HSE- S. 39 Mens Club and additional support	0	10,000 16,381	0	10,000 16,381	0
HSE- S.39 Independent Living Supports	0	25,834	0	25,834	0
HSE- S.39 School Leavers	0	10,854	0	10,854	0
HSE- S.39 Transport and Sarshill	0	11,840	0	11,840	25,606
HSE- S.39 Support Services	0	15,000	0	15,000	0
POBAL - Wages Grant	0	111,165	0	111,165	125,736
Service Users Contributions /Traded Income	52,345	0	0	52,345	50,196
Renting of Premises	1,400	0	0	1,400	200
Social Inclusion/Out of Hours Activities	2,692	0	0	2,692	1,894
Wexford County Council	1,000	0	0	1,000	0
Garden Project	0	996	0	996	17,273
Other	57,437	832,703	0	890,140	762,528
Other					
Miscellaneous Income	1,096	0	0	1,096	164
Deposit Interest	13	0	0	13	26
	1,109	0	0	1,109	190
	109,075	832,703	0	941,778	789,371
<u>Less :</u> EXPENDITURE ON					
DIRECT CHARITABLE COSTS					
Wages & State Insurance	0	726,910	0	726,910	631,127
Directors' (Trustees')Salary (Note 10 p.24)	0	0	0	0	0
Depreciation	3,419	22,818	3,225	29,462	29,657

DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

	PERMANENT				
	UNRESTRICTED F	RESTRICTED	ENDOWMENT	TOTAL	TOTAL
	FUNDS	FUNDS	FUNDS	FUNDS	FUNDS
	€	ϵ	€	€	€
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
OPERATING SUPPORT COSTS					
Insurance	506	2 212	0	2.010	2 720
Light, Heat & Power	563	3,313 3,688		3,819	3,720
Motor Expenses	4,139	27,093		4,251 31,232	5,130
Printing, Stationery, Adv. & Petty Cash	1,857	12,155		14,012	33,302 12,516
Repairs, Renewals & Sundry Equipment	646	4,229		4,875	3,216
Sundry	99	646		4,873 745	5,210
Telephone	257	1,679		1,936	1,585
Health, Safety & Hygiene	680	4,452		5,132	5,054
Professional Fees	2,224	14,556		16,780	5,810
Service User Programme	1,539	10,076		11,615	7,264
Affiliation & Membership Fees	1,339	1,110		1,280	1,280
Staff Pension Employer Contribution	1,863	12,193		14,056	13,710
Outings & Hire	431	2,825			
Staff Training	1,096			3,256	4,063
Cleaning & Kitchen Running Expenses	574	7,175 3,758		8,271 4,332	10,245 2,677
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of Property/plant/equip.					
Water Rates	0 102	0 667		0 769	28
Bank Interest & Charges	102	691		769 797	1,608
					764
Garden Project Independent Living Supports	4,673	996		5,670	17,273
Rent for Scout's Premises	0 2,001	1,342 0		1,342 2,001	0
Rent for Scout's Fremises	2,001			2,001	
	22.525	110.645		106 170	120,000
	23,525	112,645	0	136,170	129,888
COVERNANCE SURPORT COSTS					
GOVERNANCE SUPPORT COSTS					
Audit & Accountancy Fees	733	4,802	0	5,535	5,535
Governance Code Costs	331	2,169	0	2,500	0
	1,065	6,970	0	8,035	5,535
TOTAL COSTS	28,009	869,344	3,225	900,577	796,207
EXCESS/(DEFICIT) OF INCOME					
OVER EXPENDITURE	81,066 =====	(36,641)	(3,225)	41,201 =====	(6,836) =====

DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT BY ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

	€ <u>HSE-S39</u> <u>2018</u>	€ <u>POBAL-CS283</u> <u>2018</u>	€ <u>OTHER</u> <u>2018</u>	€ <u>TOTAL</u> <u>2018</u>	€ <u>TOTAL</u> <u>2017</u>
INCOME AND ENDOWMENTS Donations and Legacies					
Donations Fund Raising		0 0	45,489 5,040	45,489 5,040	13,525 13,128
Charitable Activities	(0	50,529	50,529	26,653
HSE-Section 39 Grants HSE-Health & Safety Income HSE - Lottery Grant HSE-S. 39 Mens Club and additional support HSE-Independent Living Supports HSE-S.39 School Leavers HSE-S.39 Transport and Sarshill HSE Support Services POBAL-Wages Grant Mini Bus Income Service Users Contributions /Traded Income Project Grants; Wexford County Council Grant Renting of Premises Social Inclusion/Out of Hours Activities Garden Project	(0 0 0 1 0 4 0 4 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 52,345 1,000 1,400 2,692 996	630,573 60 10,000 16,381 25,834 10,854 11,840 15,000 111,165 0 52,345 1,000 1,400 2,692 996	541,258 365 0 0 0 25,606 0 125,736 0 50,196 0 200 1,894 17,273
Deposit Interest		0	58,433 13	890,140	762,528 26
Miscellaneous Income		0 0	1,096	1,096	164
<u>Less :</u> EXPENDITURE ON	720,542	2 111,165	110,071	941,778	789,371
DIRECT CHARITABLE COSTS					
Wages & State Insurance Directors' (Trustees')Salary (Note 24)	615,745	5 111,165 0 0	0 0	726,910 0	631,127 0
Depreciation	22,818	0	6,644	29,462	29,657

DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT BY ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2018

	HSE-S39 2018	POBAL-CS283 2018	OTHER 2018	TOTAL 2018	<u>TOTAL</u> 2017
	€	€	€	€	€
OPERATING SUPPORT COSTS					
Insurance	3,313	0	506	3,819	3,720
Light, Heat & Power	3,688		563	4,251	5,130
Motor Expenses	27,093		4,139	31,232	33,302
Printing, Stationery, Adv. & Petty Cash	12,155	0	1,857	14,012	12,516
Repairs, Renewals & Sundry Equipment	4,229	0	646	4,875	3,216
Sundry	646		99	745	644
Telephone	1,679		257	1,936	1,585
Health, Safety & Hygiene	4,452		680	5,132	5,054
Professional Fees	14,556		2,224	16,780	5,810
Service User Programme	10,076		1,539	11,615	7,264
Affiliation & Membership Fees	1,110		170	1,280	1,280
Staff Pension Employer Contribution	12,193		1,863	14,056	13,710
Outings & Hire	2,825		431	3,256	4,063
Staff Training	7,175		1,096	8,271	10,244
Cleaning & Kitchen Running Expenses	3,758		574	4,332	2,677
(Profit)/Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets	0		102	0	28
Water Rates	667		102	769 797	1,608
Bank Interest & Charges	691 4,673		106 996	5,670	764 17,273
Garden Project Independent Living Supports			990	1,342	17,273
Rent for Scout's Premises	1,342 2,001	0	0	2,001	0
Kent for Scout's Fremises				2,001	
	118,322	0	17,848	136,171	129,888
GOVERNANCE SUPPORT COSTS					
Audit & Accountancy Fees	4,802	0	733	5,535	5,535
Governance Code Costs	2,169		331	2,500	0
	6,971	0	1,064	8,035	5,535
TOTAL COSTS	763,857	111,165	25,556	900,578	796,207
EXCESS/(DEFICIT) OF INCOME OVER EXPENDITURE	(43,315)		84,516 =====	41,201 =====	(6,836) =====

Cashflow Reconciliation for POBAL-CSP-CS283 Year Ended 31st December 2018

POBAL bank ac.no.23800852 balance at 1st January 2018 Add Wages Grants Received in 2018		4,249		
		111,165		
	,	115,414		
Pobal wages grants transferred from Pobal bank ac.to WTTU main bank ac. Bank charges in Pobal bank account 23800852 Less Total Wages Expenditure per Pobal contract	111,165 34	111,198		
Dess Total Mages Experience per Foods contract				
Agreed to Grant Reconciliation below				
Reconciled POBAL ac.no.23800852 bank balance at 31st December 2018 per audited accounts				
Grant Reconciliation for POBAL-CSP-CS283 Year Ended 31st December 2018 Not expended at 1st January 2018 Approved-Wages grant up to 111,165 Add Wages Grants Received in 2018 Less; Pobal Expenditure Summary for year ended 31st December 2018	111,165 111,165 111,165	4,249		
Less; Bank charges in Pobal bank account 23800852		(34)		
Not expended at 31st December 2018		4,216		
We confirm the above POBAL-CSP-CS283 figures are correct and in accordance with the returns made to POBAL. John Holohan & Co.				
John Holohan & Co.				

Statement of Principles for Grantees

We confirm that Windmill Therapeutic (Training) Unit CLG has to the best of our knowledge and belief adhered to the statement of principles for grantees,in respect of, clarity, fairness, governance and value for money in their management of and accountability for public funds.

We also confirm to the best of our knowledge and belief that the attached Annual Financial Statements comply with the Department of Finance Circular 13/2014 -Management of and Accountability for Grants from Exchequer Funds.

Signed;

Bill Kelly

Director (Trustee)

Signed;

<u>Majella Lambert</u>

Director (Trustee)

Date:

13th May 2019